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INFORMATION REPORT

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Chinese Communist Bulletin on International Trade

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SUPPLEMENT TO REPORT NO.

25X1X



ESTERNATIONAL TRADE

Not for Sale

Organ of the Preparatory Committee of the Shanghai International Trade Unions

14 November 1950 6th Issue

Subject: Appeal for Winter Clothing for the 13,000,000 people in the seriously devastated areas of North Anhwei, North Kiangsu, Nonan, Nopei, etc.

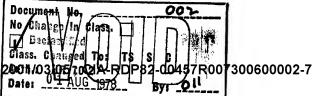
The following are names of responsible persons and firms who are members of the trade unions in charge of money subscriptions for the Winter Clothing Donation:

Person	Firm	Subscription (JIP)
MSI Wen-kwang (南 文光)	Ho I (和春)	10,000,000
LU Sheng-t'ien (陸生田)	Hung Sheng (克里)	9,800,000
KAO Shih-heng (斯事恆)	Ta Lao (人茂)	9,500,000
SHEN Tau-yu (流和放	Shen Yilan Lai (泥龙木)	143,250,000
M Nai-ch'ang (李万昌)	Nu Chiang (字昌)	8,850,000
TUAN Pin-hua (阮 資章)	Kuo Li Hang (周利行)	3,300,000
LT Chi-kuang (李繼光)	T'ung Fu Hang (同事行)	10,650,000
MA Chung-ta (馬仲建)	Ting Feng (更要)	19,700,000
ri Shou-sung (前授族)	Ch'ien Feng (乾豐)	2,150,000
Yill Hall-hain (美序鳌)	F'ei Feng (培璽)	850,000

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	*	
CHAD Pang-heng ()	Chung Kung (4 /2)	2,100,000
155 Tu-kung (AF 24.)	Haieh No (17/1 /14)	8 ,2 50 ,00 0
IO Po-chao (编 /音水)	Te Feng (技典)	30,250,000
OHONG Yu-yen (於 九龙)	Fu Hua (海 貞)	3,000,000
CHOU Ch'i-jung (月 東方)	Ching Hua ()	2,900,000
CHANG Hua-lien () ()	Szechuan Animal Husbandry	10,000,000
TUNG Yin-ch'u (7 77)	Chien Yuan ()	6,250,000
CHIEN Ching-chang (資清算)	Tua Ting (# JA)	550,000
LI Yüch-k'ang (1	Hsin Ilua ()	850,000
TUAN Pil-lieh (克不力)	Hsin T'ung (A)	23,900,000
TANG Chien-hadin (\$ 12 34)	llua llao ()	2,050,000
FU Ch'1-lin (傳其獻)	Kiun Ho (14 /12)	3,450,000
TS'AL Chieng-fu (蔡誠皇)	Ilua Fu ()	1,900,000
CUI SU Yllan-shan (資本)	Ch'en Yilan Chi (床丸江)	21,500,000
Mill Kung-tu (楊公度)	Kuang I (# (#)	1,825,000
HUA Hung-t'ao (董尹淳)	Chien Hsin (34 14)	700,000
CH'EN Li-ch'llan (陳麗泉)	K'o Ta (ゴ た)	1,900,000
SUNG Sen (A.)	Hua Hou (* 141)	1,950,000
CHAIG Erh-ming (底二處)	Tei Ta(維大)	12,350,000
CHETO Chilin-fan (張府豹	Ta Lai (大 左)	52,650,000
MALO Muai-ching (主應方)	Heng Ho (44 Au)	41,200,000
WU Chiun-sen (吳春族)	I Sheng (表土)	9,700,000
CHAO Shu-yil (超和主)	An Tung (1)	900,000
YAIG Fu-chting (精精度)	Heng Hsing (東河)	1,50,000
K'O Chil-ch'u (名前別)	Nuong Eua (光学)	1,400,000
CHULL Ch'i-ch'ang (陳其書)	Hua Te (本律.)	125,000
CHULL Shou-ching (34 7 14)	Ta An (X 4)	6,150,000
TMG Chao-shih (產 北鄉)	Yu Lien (东静)	100,000
U Chrien-t'i (Kuo Uuo Lien (国货船)	1,000,000

TARTH CERCO

CONSTRUMPLAT

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Activities of Tarious Specialty Teams

The Cotton and Jute Team

Yead: CHILL Chaing-cheng (A / 1)

Deputies: THE Yin-ch'u (事事所) and CHEEG Chien-ju (即局)和)

idealmistration: TUIS Yin-ch'u and CHESIG Chien-ju (首 年 42)

Organization: SHEET Fan-sung (別義) and YAMG YE-chaing (精 篇 方)

Research: KU I-ts'ang (前項第) and CHAD Pang-heng (為形形)

Planning: CUND Pang-heng and KU I-ts ang

The general reduction in cotton production this year throughout the world, the export ban on American cotton since 8 September, and the soaring prices of Brazilian cotton have almost wiped out the cotton market. This situation has rendered the cotton import business very difficult. This team assists import converns systematically in importing foreign cotton, taking into consideration the foreign cotton market, domestic production of cotton, and consumption by cotton mills in China.

Surmy-beg consumption centers around North China, In East China, locally manuscrete gunny-bags can almost meet the demands of local consumption.

The Liquid Puel Team

Tead: III) Chik-ch'u (何前初

Secretary: W Pin-li (武成理)

Ministration: K'O Chu -ch'u (河南河)

Organization: TS'AI Ch'eng-fu (茶 紙手)

Research: FAMG Chi-ch'eng (方河流)

Planning: SU Chien-hadin ()

This team specializes in importing petroleum. Business was quite good in the past out is dull now. After many meetings among concerns belonging to this team, separate measures are being taken to purchase petroleum through international ports where a supply exists.

The Silk and Crepe Team

Head: COT Tsu-haien (累祖爾)

Deputies: KU Wen-chia (顧文嘉) and SHEW Fu-an (紀年本)

Mecrotary: CHUN Tao-lin (資格報)

Mornistration: LI Yun-chang (李惠章), HSU Shong-chiang (森勝昌)

IAIG Kung-tu (獨公度), WAIG Chung-wei (江仲華)

COUP TO THE TAIL

-11-

Research: SUIG Par-lin (字條林)

Maison: GROU YMan-heiang () 2 2) and KAO Lung-mm () 1

This team was under the Textile Industrial Articles Team until member corporations increased to such an extent that it was forced to divide. The new team was inaugurated on 27 October.

The Pharmaceutical Team

Head: CHOU Had-ju (周海和)

Deputies: WU Esi-aan (吳陽有), HU Chin-shui (胡錦水)。 LO Te-ming (雞槐姐)

Administration: YANG Ping-ken (科斯根)。HUANG Hsing-tiao (東興清)。 YU Hstleh-jen (推復仁)。FING Lung-k'uei (編指年)

Penearth: LI Chieng-chi (李永基), IIIO Hei-mien (台灣等)
D Chao-chieng (何非漢), T'U Hou-pin (唐標稿)

Maison: D Chi-fang (羅女芳), KU Shen-hsiang (胸流有), LI Tzu-wen

(李子之)

L. edicinal herbs are gathered in Shanghai for export.

. Concerns dealing with pharmaceuticals, exclusively or in part, must join this team and place themselves under the guidance of the state.

Pharmaceuticals must bear standard names and classifications since these
are factors favorable for export.

The Tace Team

Toad: YUW Pin-hua (所篇学)

Deputies: CHANG Kuo-hsien (张阁情) and KY Wen-sheng (顏之生)

Administration: PAD Bui-chung (日東中)

Desearch: 对Chi-sheng (子清生)

idaison: TS'AI Ying-t'ung (蒸落桐

(新建制)

This team has held discussions of the two following problems:

The Foreign Trade Bureau received a letter from the Lace and Abroidery union requesting limited production of woolen embroidery. Consequently, the foreign Trade Bureau has assigned the job to this team, which will hold meetings along various concerns to solve the issue. Their unanimous opinion is that wool embroideries have been copied from patterns which came from abroad. Such patterns are all right. The wool used for embroideries has been mostly produced in China. The wool produced by the an Le (1, 1, 2, 2) and Shanghai factories can be compared with British 3-3 wool. Such Chinese quality wool shall be produced on a larger scale to meet the demand. If

CONTRIBUTION

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FRATE INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

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foreign purchasers of our wool embroideries, however, prescribe the use of 3-8 wool for the embroidery they have ordered, we will have to secure a sufficient quota of it from the 3-8 concern. We must also expand our activities in the markets of the USSR and the new democratic countries.

2. The basic prices compiled by this team have been much at variance with those of the Lace and Embroidery Union. To justify these prices, the team has, with good results, already handed in a detailed cost statement of cotton yarn gloves, including crating, customs duty, and industrial and commercial taxes for the consumption of the Foreign Trade Bureau.

The Hog Bristle Team

Head: CHANG Hua-lien (於華縣)

Deputies: MSIM Li-shih (內別 類) and YANG Kung-tu (相 公原)

Secretaries: T'U Yen-ch'ing (鬼主治) and FANG Ho-ch'in (方餘板)

Telministration: CHANG Choion-hong (在草场), HUANG Toien-hai (黄天病)

Besearch: YU Lid-chung (东麓宇), CHU Wei-yang (朱維揚)

Maison: CHITI Pao-ytl (金寶玉), T'AN Huai-sun (韓純族)

In mid-September, the peak quotation for Chungking bristles was JIP 5.7%, for Sankow bristles JIP 6.95, for Tientsin bristles JIP 7.82, for Shanghai bristles JIP 4.8 or 5. But from late September to the end of October there were no major export transactions. The following problems are dealt with by the China For Bristle Corporation and the Toreign Trade Bureau:

- 1. Since the enforcement of the export permit system by the Foreign Trade inreau, private hog-bristle entrepreneurs can send telegrams if they can produce invoices issued by the Chinese Mog Bristle Corporation as a result of an agreement between this Corporation and the Foreign Trade Bureau.
- Consular invoices have been needed for hog bristles exported to the United States. Since the Chinese government has not established diplomatic relations with the U.S. and Britain, these consular invoices are not provided with the shipments.
- 3. Te must find a way to deal with arbitration problems which arise in London and New York.
- h. Nog bristles short in weight but already exported to Britain will be made up in later shipments. From now on, the weight of shipments will be taken as the weight of the hog bristles exported.
- 5. The Chinese Communist government encourages bartering goods with foreign countries. Transhipments may be effected in India for the bartering of hog bristles.
- 6. The team will discuss the problem of crating Changhai hog bristles with a panel of persons concerned, for rectification of the supply and demand.
- 7. Igents of the China Hog Bristle Corporation will charge this corporation for any additional wires sent if shipments of hog bristles are delayed.
- 8. Agents of the China Hog Bristle Corporation will be informed early of the date of impending shipments so that they will be able to wire the importers of hog bristles to obtain insurance.
- 9. The China Mog Bristle Corporation will convene its third conference on hog bristles to discuss the suggestions of the members.

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the following are wints for discussion by the Control Team:

- 1. The Foreign Trade Bureau is rectifying registration of exporters and inporters, encouraging specialty trade, and preparing to issue business licences.
- 2. The government considers the specialty trades as the link between private enterprises and state-operated industries. Private entrepreneurs are guaranteed legitimate profits.
- 3. Since the readjustment of the exchange rate from JLP 35,000 to JLP 31,000 to one U.S. dollar, the government has collected extensive information from traders concerning their losses as reference data for future neasures.
- 1. The government lays much emphasis on the barter system.

Other problems:

- 1. To establish a white hog bristle works in Chungking.
- 2. To abolish the unified purchase of hog bristles in Manchuria.
- 3. Dutstanding payments of victory bonds must be met. Only one member concern of this team has yet failed to meet the outstanding payment.
- 4. Invoices do not need the seal of this team.
- 5. Hos bristles are granted priority service in railway transportation.

The Fur and Feather Team

ON'THE Tilan-shan (陈元善)

CHAIG Te-yen (張德文)

CHANG Kuo-wei (莊園成)

2 other (unnamed) persons

IN Tring-shih (族姓外)

WANG Ping-lin (主)協勵

YANG Jun-sheng (情况生)

The Igg Products Team

Head: T'ANG Ting-ch'en (唐泉庄)

Deputies: KAO YW-wen (高耸之) and LU Sheng-tien (芦生日)

Secretary: IMO Tsu-chih (美自森)

Administration: T'ANG Chin-chen (度金歲) and PUDI Tsu-yuan (見程達)

Research: CHOU Ch'i-jung (周東章) and IJ T'ing-shih (薩麻式)

Tiaison: WANG Hsiu-ting (王林庭)

The Mast China, only one egg processing factory is in operation. The following three difficulties exist for marketing egg products:

- 1. Charge for indirect shipment.
- 2. Turnover of capital in egg processing factories.

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CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

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3. The cost of eggs and labor is higher than in North China and transshipment charges are also high. The state-operated China Egg Products Corpcration was asked to aid. On the grounds that the egg exporting business
is dull and the cost of eggs in China is high, if the China Egg Products
Corporation subsidizes this deal, some of the nation's capital will be
frozen. The egg exporting business centers around Tientsin. With reduced
production in eggs during this autumn, the price has increased fifty percent. But the comparatively inactive egg products business in East China
will not discourage the dealers who have effected contact with their fellowtraders in Tientsin for export transshipment. British egg products importers
insist on FOB Hong Kong, and the eggs exported will be received at Hong
Kong with certificates indicating that the eggs have been examined and approved. Horth China exporters have accepted this British condition.

This team suggests that:

- a. Either our North China exporters ship their goods to Hong Kong, where the analysis and foreign exchange allotment will be dealt with, or
- b. Our exporters should try their best to make our shipment FOB a Chinese port.

Germany also imports Chinese eggs and telegrams have already been sent us for goods. But various conditions were attached to the telegrams, and negotiations are in progress.

Activities of Exported Items Last Week

- l. Silk and Crope .
- A. Naw Silk

The production for this year is about 7,000 picul, the same as last year. But the quality this year is not as good as last year because it drizzled for many days while the occoms were being treated. Besides, farmers received silk themselves at the time when the autumn occoms were fresh and highly valued. Therefore, the production of silk filatures has been affected this year by the silk-reeling farmers.

Last week the quotations were:

Filature white silk: 30 bales, sold at El sl2 dk per pound, including cost, insurance, and freight CEP London.

Filature yellow silk: 15 bules sold at 41 s3 d6 per pound CIF Bombay.

Poageo: 50 115-pound boxes sold CIF Singapore.

Jaconese silk filatures have increased production. From Tokohama and Ebbe only, 12,167 bules were exported in September. This was an increase of 2,566 bales over those exported in August. These exported bales were mostly destined for the JoS. and Switzerland. Before world war If, the Japanese silk industry competed sharply with Chinese silk infustry. Since then, Japanese silk has been displacing Chinese silk in foreign markets. If we Chinese do not catch up promptly with the Japanese, it will be unfavorable for the future of Chine's silk industry

B. Crese

Rah3h bolts were sold last week as follows:

JAI THEIR FAL

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- Some margette erepe CIF Hong Kong at HK \$2.95 per yard.
- Street burgatts crepe Cif Long Kong at 1% 54.45 per yard.
- 1.5 0 worgette grose ros Shanghai at HK Q4.00 per yard.
- Will a surged congee the long Kong at MK 02.40 per yard.
- Fig. 12:15 crene de cline Clr long Kong at hK \$3.625 per yard.
- 19.5 Ullistano (2 h.) satin ex-godown Shanghai at US 02.65 per yare. Godo - Chia Usia (1) %) satin ex-godown Shanghai at US 05.70 per yard.
- 6 s Lewy crose FOR Shanghai at IX Shalf per yard.

MI. Tau

Spoinces in dail for foreign markets. Telegrams are numerous but offer have than the floor prices.

Only Town of (*) (Trunnee) tea is stockylled for esport, being more in decayed than apparese and Paivanese tea in foreign markets. In North Africa, Japanese teammee tea is not so welcome because of its quality. According to the percentage of letters from North Africa, the size of Chinese tea bricks was different in shipments as command with specimens for export and there were fartages of three to five percent in shipments. From now on, the Foreign Trade Surrem and the fea Export Specialty Team will see to it that the special colleges and quantity of slipments of tea for abroad tally with the prescriptions.

477 Par and Feathers

- i. leace's are not in demand atroad.
- 2. Gearge wood stall cannot be amourted.
- 3. Them hair is in demand but the price is not high enough for many transactions.
- h. Telegrams true abroad offer too low prices for feathers, of which there are then Their supplies in them this year.
- 5. Gest for is in season right now, but as domestic consumption accounts for only about thirty percent and the issue of export permits is being suspended, traders tope that the poverment will relax its control for export. The Proce Control Hargan is considering this matters.

IV. Emproaderies

Fan Na Smm (/\self) of Blacksing (120-3h, 30-00) had a higher bid but small smoothy. Bed sheets 72" by 90" at 2.45 ex-godown are under negotiation in Shamphai. Crocheted phoves are in demand for export but the smooth of raw material is not maticient. The Batroidery Team is going to hold a meeting manny traders along this line and will ask the Trade Control Eureau for Laphutance in necessary.

Vs Popperning

The Pepperment Export Brechetty Year is determined to call upon all pepperment of the Pepperment in an effort to effect joint marketing to counteract the slashing of prices by importers abroad. Two months ago the banks suspended their learn to respect the dealers, so the perpendint producers and exporters cannot seld. Using joeds, and was clouds abroad have been raising the price of peppermints foreign importers try to secure more goods, including peppermint. Therefore, in the past week the market situation for peppermint was quite good.

SOME DESTINAL

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VI. Cure Oil

The price of tung oil is rising. Tunn oil has to be transshipped via Shang had and is not available yet for directing. The Lard and bil Export Specialty Term expects to establish a transshipment station at Fandow for transshipments for Tong Tong Tong along the Canton-Mankow Mailway. This measure has been approved by the Trade Department of the Central-Bouth Lilitary and Political Commission. The problems of tax levies, procurement, and money exchange are still under discussion.

VII. Cersala

The situation has improved compared with last week. Owing to difficulties of transportation and the fact that the banks have suspended their loans to the packers of cereals, however, the export situation will not improve within a short period.

Lest week, raw shell—less pearents were under negotiation to some extent for export via Tsingtae.

Warly in the Korean war, foreign importers rushed to purchase goods at high prices. In the past two months, this mood has subsided because of saturation in capacity. Consequently, tea, menthal crystals, and tung oil are valued at prices below those agreed upon among the Chinese exporters. But there are some irregular exporters, especially of foreign nationalities, who indulge in exporting their goods according to the prices agreed upon with foreign importers, who purchase these goods at prices lower than those agreed upon among Chinese exporters. But these foreign importers will make up what these exporters have lost by compensation payment. The Trade Control Bureau has now focused its attention on such irregularities and is planning steps to outlaw them in order to processe foreign exchance for China and to protect the log the pairs interests of the exporters.

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Connent. The unit size was not indicated.

CHIFTPETITAL